Commercial Organic Waste Recycling Tips

State law AB 1826

requires many restaurants, farms, schools, hospitals, prisons, and other establishments to recycle organic waste materials. This can be done by composting food waste. Food waste includes food scraps, food-soiled paper napkins, other paper food concessionaire items, beverages, and milk cartons. Green waste is landscape waste. Green waste can be mixed with food waste.

Food & Other Organic Recycling Program Rules

- Organic wastes may be mixed together in the same waste container.
  - food scraps
  - paper plates, napkins, cups, etc.
  - milk cartons
  - green waste
- There are a few inorganic exceptions that may be included in an organics waste container.
  - clear plastic bags
    - keeps container cleaner
    - keeps costs down
  - food wrappers and packaging paper
    - makes sorting waste easy

- No cooking oil
- No hazardous materials, i.e. cleaning fluids and powders with a warning label
- No blue container only recyclables, i.e. metal, plastic, and glass
- No landfill trash, i.e. ceramics, straws, and cellophane
- No polystyrene (Styrofoam)
- No poisonous plants
- No palm

Call Your Waste Hauler For Details About Its Organic Recycling Program